

第六届中法可持续发展城市交通系统论坛(THNS2013)

TDM Strategies and Challenges in Developing Cities

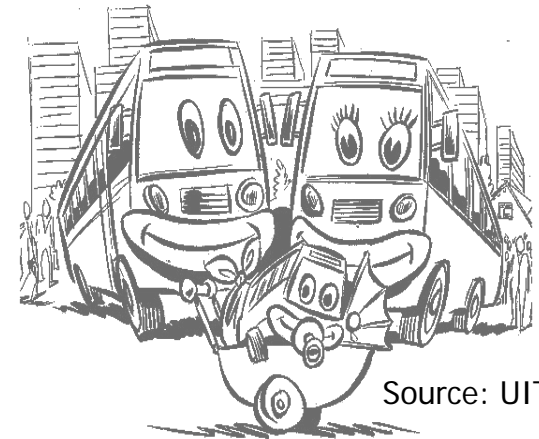
发展中城市推动交通需求管理 之策略和挑战

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Agenda大纲

- **Transportation Environment in Asia**
亚洲城市交通环境
- **Integrated Urban Transport Policy**
多元整合城市交通政策
- **Key Strategies and Challenges**
交通需求管理成功策略和挑战
- **Concluding Remarks**
总结

Asian Cities (and Developing Cities)

- Rapid Urbanization
- Fast Motorization
- Diversity of Land Use
- High Density of Population
- Mixed Traffic Flow Characteristics
- Formal + various & Informal Public Transport and Personal Mobility
- High Fatality in Traffic Accidents
- In-efficient Enforcement
- Institutional Reforms being proposed



Integrated Urban Transportation Policy

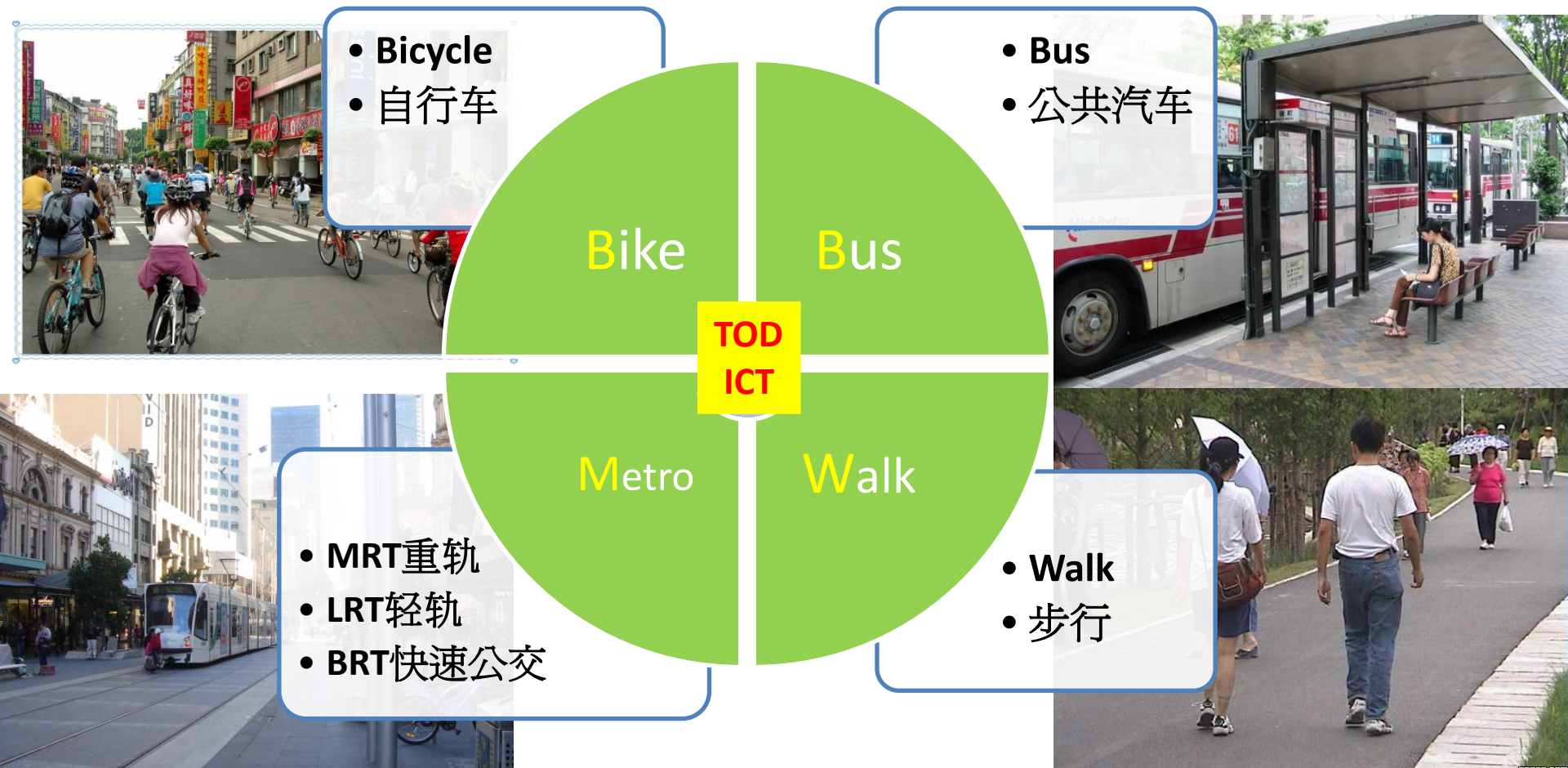
多元整合的城市交通政策

- Sustainable Development (永续发展政策)
- Integration of Land Use/Development and Transportation Planning (都市发展/土地使用/交通规划一体化)
- Excellent Public Transport Services (优质公共交通服务)
- Friendly Environment for Pedestrian and Cycling (行人与自行车友善使用环境)
- Comprehensive Expressway and Road Network (完整高快速路网与道路系统)
- Efficient Demand Management (高效率交通需求管理)

BBMW: Green Transport and Health City

绿色交通&健康城市

- Integration of **B**ike, **B**us, **M**etro, and **W**alk through land use, urban planning, urban design, and urban re-generation as well as ICT



交通需求管理

Travel Demand Management

- Objectives
 - Encourage the use of sustainable modes of transport
 - Improve accessibility for all people and services
 - Increase the efficiency of transport infrastructure use
 - Reduce demand for unnecessary travel and provide viable alternatives to car use

Car use should be a choice not a necessity

Travel Demand Management

- A Collaborative Effort
 - Combining non-motorized transport, public transport, parking management and integrated pricing scheme
 - Roles of TOD and ICT
 - Powered by stakeholder involvement and LEADERSHIP

$$\text{TDM} = [(Nm + Km + Pt + Ip)^S]^L$$

- Nm = Non-motorized transport
- Km = Parking management
- Pt = Public transport
- Ip = Integrated Pricing scheme
- S = Stakeholders
- L = LEADERSHIP

Vision in Singapore, London, Munich, Paris, Lyon and Seoul 新加坡、伦敦、慕尼黑、巴黎、里昂、首尔等城市发展成功案例



Seoul: Remarkable Public Transport Reform

首尔公交优先成效佳



Lyon: LRT + BRT + Public Bike



TDM Strategies and Challenges

交通需求管理之策略和挑战

- **Value and Behavior** 价值理念和选择行为
- **TOD & Intermodal Station** 公共交通组团开发和枢纽站
- **Excellent Public Transport and Integrated Multi-Mobility** 優質公共交通和多元整合系统
- **Full Trip Cost and Pricing** 出行成本和定价
- **Parking Management** 停车管理
- **Smart Travel and Sustainable Mobility** 聪明出行

Travel Behavior and Value

认知: 必须改变行为和价值观

-小汽车文化: 影响出行选择?

-为什么没有公共交通帅哥美女??



Autotimes.co.kr
cn.autos.yahoo.com

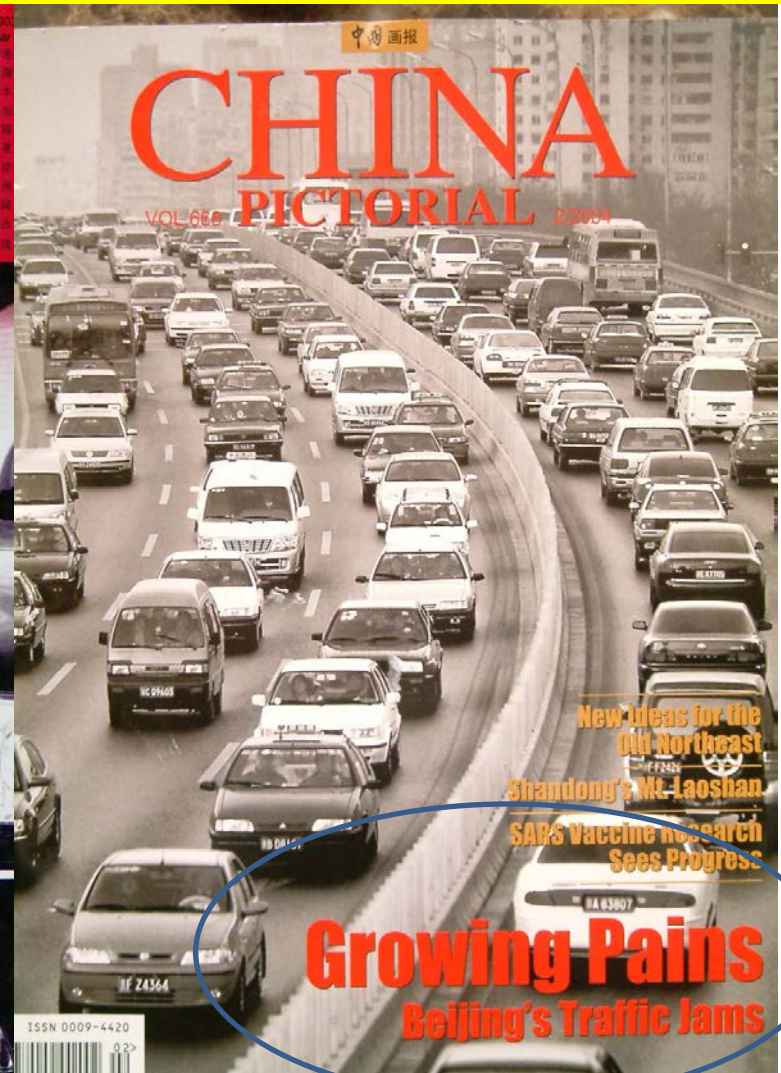
Behavior and Value

认知: 必须改变行为和价值观



Congestion = Growing Pains???

Personal Mobility = Smart Mobility??



TOD vs. COD

公共交通都市vs. 小汽车都市



1995: Jiang-Kuo Gate Interchange: 2010



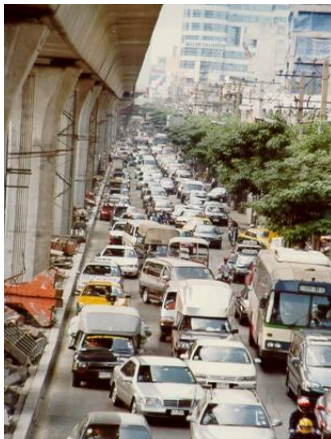
1995: Shanghai E_W Expressway: 2010

TOD vs. Car oriented Development or Highway oriented Development

公共交通vs.公路引導城市發展政策

**‘..each million we invest into urban
motorways is an investment to
destroy the city’**

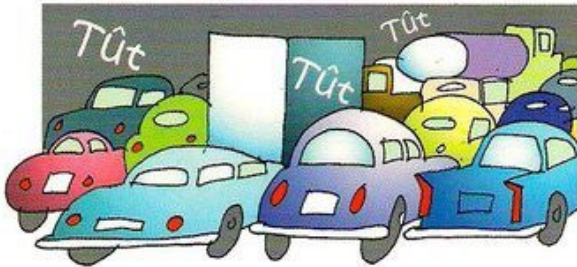
Mayor Hans Joachim Vogel
Munich 1970



Behavior and Value

行为和价值观

Genève 1970



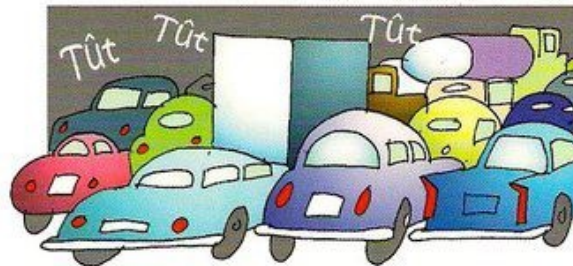
Pékin 1970



Genève 2020



Pékin 2020



Evolution du vélo a travers le monde ...

World Financial Centers

Hong Kong

90% NMT +
Public Transport

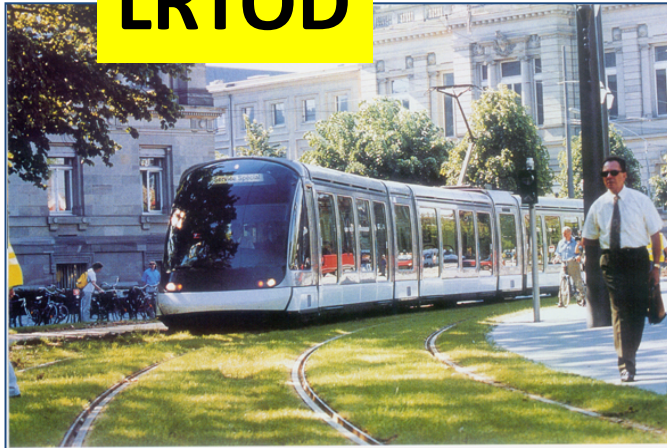
Manhattan

5% Car
7% bus
35% subway
53% bike, walk,
work at home

Various Modes in TOD Model

以不同公共交通为骨干的TOD发展模式

LRTOD



MRTOD



BRTOD

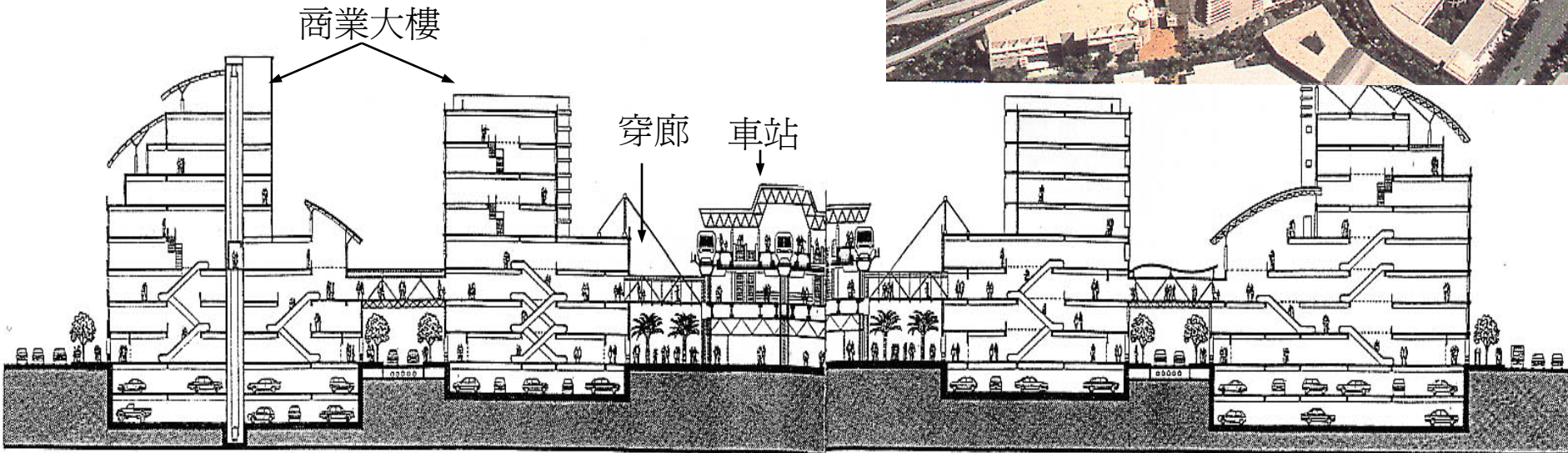
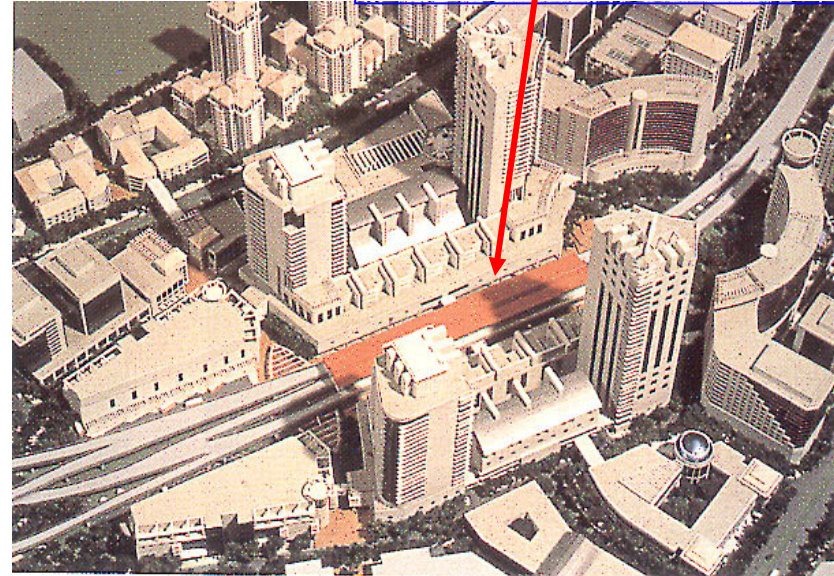


TOD and Transit Village

站区发展策略：公共交通組團

Metro Station
Transit Village
公共交通枢纽和组团

- Intermodal Station 枢纽站区功能
- Urban Design 车站与城市新风貌
- Financial Sustainability 财务可持续
- Housing Policy 住房政策



Excellent Public Transport and Intermodal Mobility

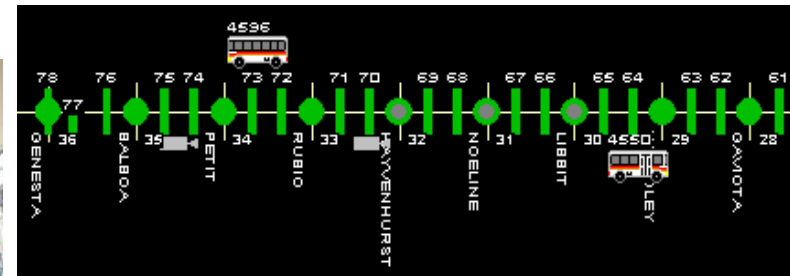
提供质优公共交通服务/多元整合的出行方式



Integration

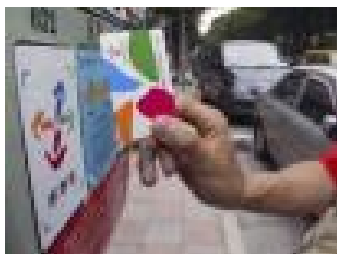
多元公共交通服务:整合

- Land Use and PT Planning
- Network
- Operation
- Last Mile & First Mile
- Ticketing and Pricing
- Information
- Institution



E-Payment 台北悠遊卡

Curb Parking
路边路外停车



Off-street
Parking

MRT 地铁
w/ Mobile Phone



通勤铁路
Commuter
Rail



Bus 公交



Taxi 出租车



Cable Car 缆车



+ Ferry + Regional Bus + Security + e-Purse
+ 渡轮 + 区域公交车 + 安保 + 小额付费.....

Confidence on Public Transport: Door-to-Door: Safe + Secure + Affordable + Comfort + Reliable + Information

门到门整合服务: 安全+合理票价+舒适+可靠+信息



Full Trip Cost 出行成本

□ Total Trip Cost and Social Equity

出行成本分析

□ usage, facility, time, external (Pollution, Congestion, Safety...)

□ Actually Paid/Should Pay

实付/应付比例

- Walk: 100.0%
- Bike: 96.6%
- Motorcycle: 34.8%
- Car: 59.6%
- Taxi: 67.8%
- Bus: 81.6%
- Metro: 89.7%



机动车辆出行受到社会巨额补贴?

Taxi, DRTS and Sharing

Cloud-Taxi, DRTS and Shared Transport for Low Carbon and Aging Society

智能出租车与小众公共交通

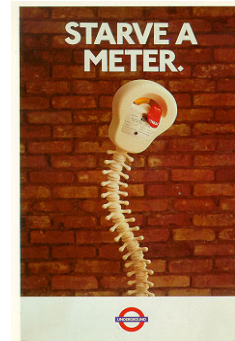
- 运用智能技术提供安全可靠的优质服务 Applications of ICT for safe and reliable taxi services
- Web-Taxi and Cloud-Taxi
- DRTS需求反应公共交通服务



Bring Parking under Control

停车需要管理：靜態交通和動態交通

- **No Free Parking**
停车必须付费
- **Pricing based on Time and Location**
依「时间」、「区位」订定费率
- **Off-Street >> Curb Parking**
路外为主、路边为辅
- **Public Transport+ Parking Management**
公共交通＋停車管理
- **Market Schemes**
形成市场机制



**Cars can be reasonably used for recreation
and in off-peak, for tourists, or sharing**
小汽车可以合理拥有与有效使用: 观光, 休闲, 非
高峰, 共享.....



ITS for Smart Travel and Sustainable Mobility 应用智能交通技术聪明出行

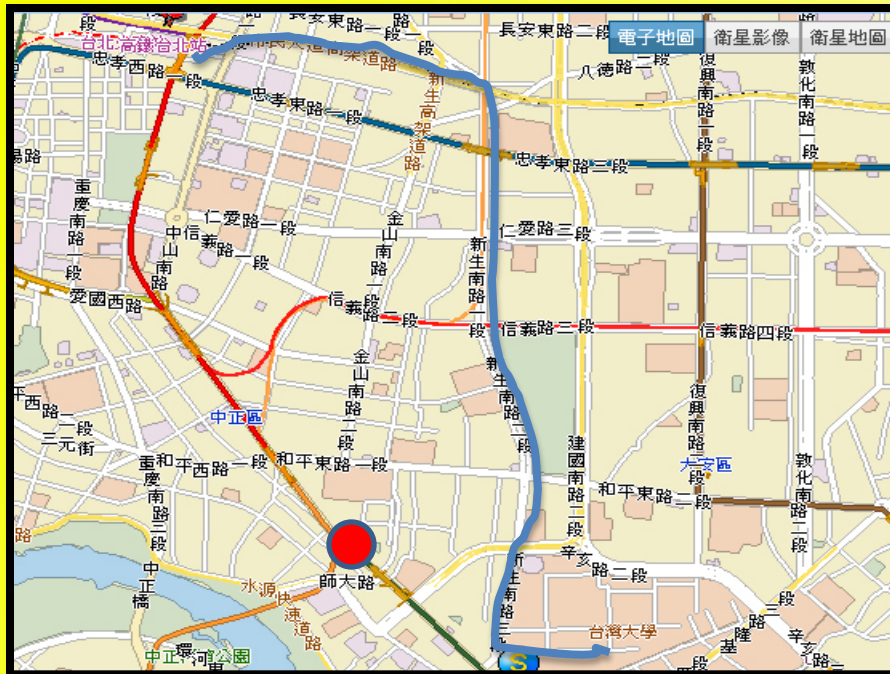
- Travelers make the best choice on departure time, route, destination and **mode** based on the real time information and appropriate **pricing mechanism**.
- To provide options/combinations and full information for users.
- Smart Travel and Sustainable Mobility**
(聪明出行/智慧选择)



Smart Travel and Sustainable Mobility



The Shortest Path for ODs based on Historical or Real Time Information

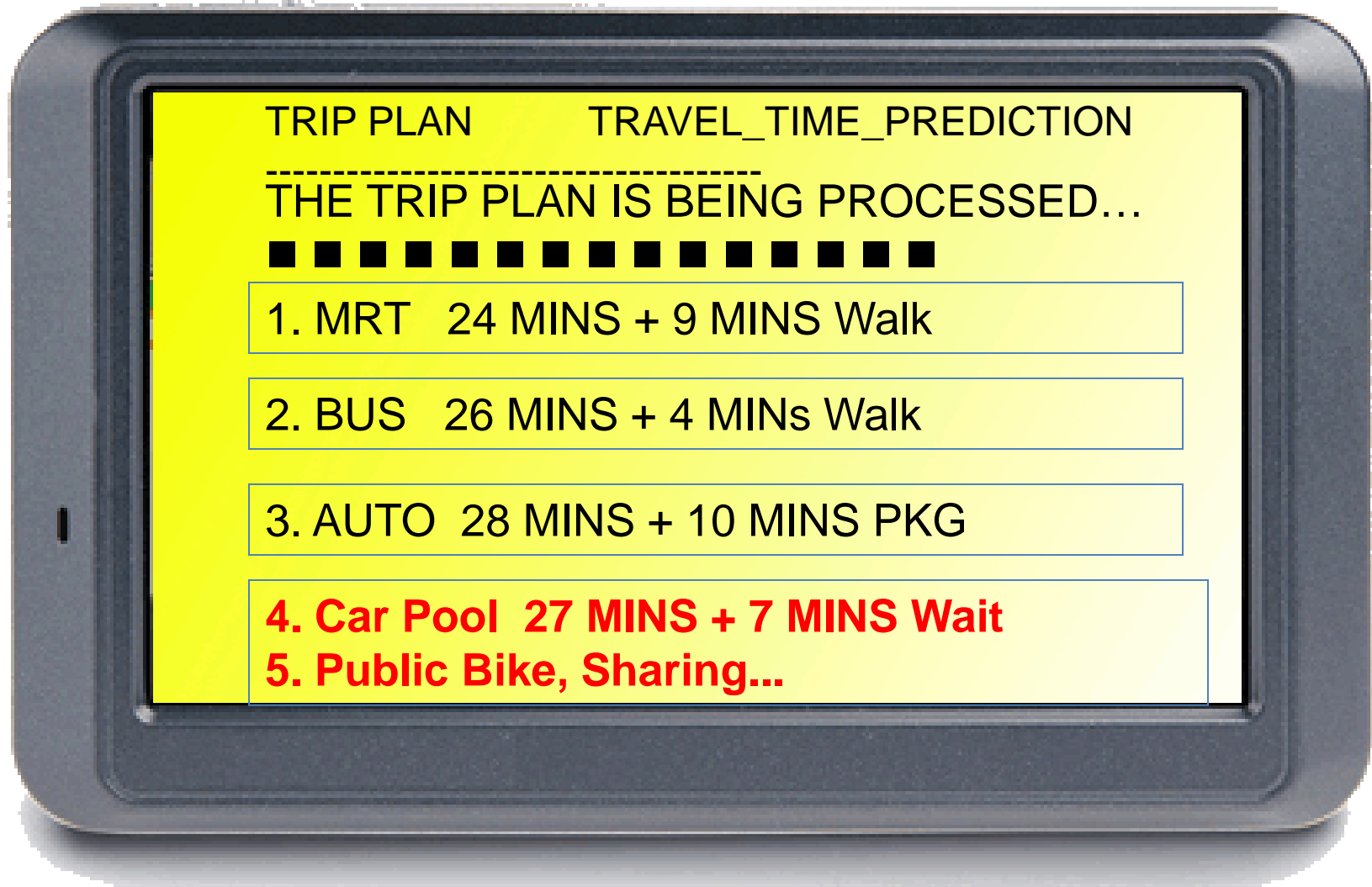


1. Travel Time:
35 MINS
+ 2 MIN WALK
Parking Lot:
A12 \$6/hr

2. Travel Time:
33 MIN
+ 6 MIN WALK
Parking Lot:
A10 \$5/hr

OBU

We have other smart choices with ITS technologies



There is subway station

1. MRT

• DISTANCE : 200M

• MRT Line #1 : DANSHUI

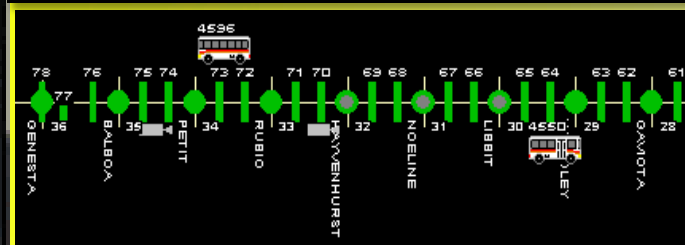
• STATION-ORIGIN :
GORNGGUAN

• STATION-DESTINATION :
TAIPEI MAIN STATION

• TIME SCHEDULE : 16:20,
16:25, 16:30, 16:35, 16:40,
16:45, 17:00



There are bus stops



2. BUS

- RT 284 : 100M
16:25, 16:35, 16:45
- RT 617 : 90M
16:28, 16:38, 16:46
- BUS STOP-ORIGIN :
GORNGGUAN
(KEELUNG.ST)
Roosevelt Road
- BUS STOP-ORIGIN :
Roosevelt Road Every 5~10 min
- DESTINATION :
TAIPEI MAIN STATION

OR, you may select a taxi

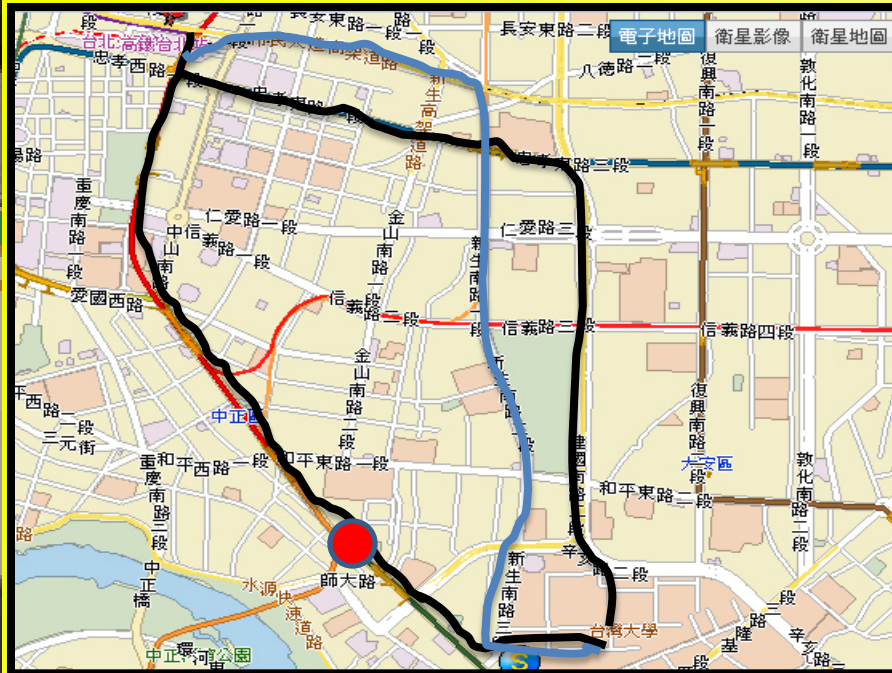
Web Taxi or Cloud Taxi.....



3. TAXI

- 2 MINS Arrival
- Fare \$12
- 28 MINs
- Excellent Service

NO, I would like to have my car!



Still Car?

YES

NO

You will consume
\$2.5 gas and
have GHG
emission 2kg
Plus 0.28 fatality
and 1.95 injures.

Still Car?

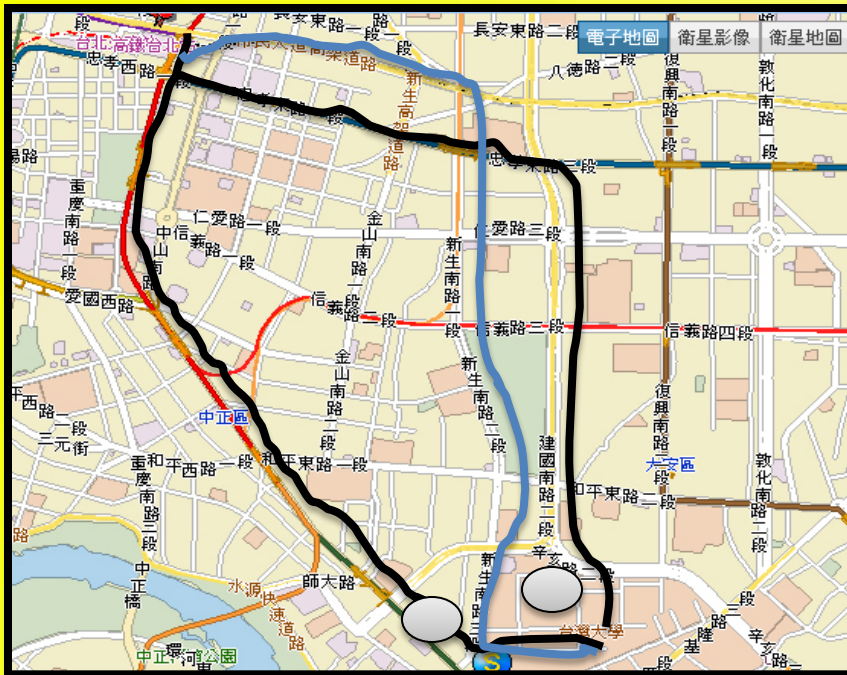
YES ^V NO

Pay **\$10.00**
Have a safe &
Green Journey

YES **NO**

Pay **\$10.00**
Have a safe &
Green Journey

OR, I have changed my mind...



Still Car?

YES

NO ^V

Great! You have a discount of 28% for Public Transportation. Enter your smart card number.....

Keywords of the Smart Travel and Sustainable Mobility

- **External Effect: Benefits and Costs**
- **Sustainable Energy and Climate Change**
- **Smart Choices: Time, Spatial, Mode or No Action**
- **Behavior Change and Logistics**
- **Safety and Security**
- **Big Data: Dynamic Information for Customer-made Services and Prediction Capability**
- **ITS²: Intelligent Transport for Sustainable Development + Integrated Transport Systems**

Concluding Remarks 结语

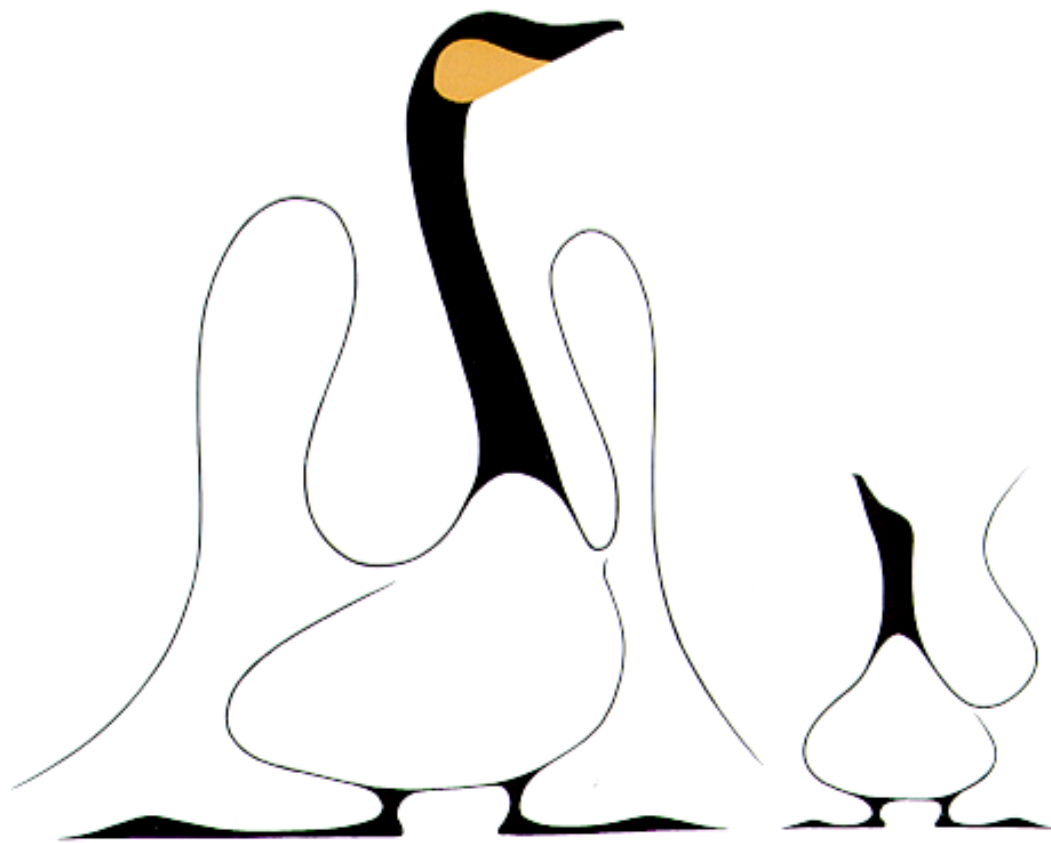
- TDM: A Collaborative Effort

$$\text{TDM} = [(\text{Nm} + \text{Km} + \text{Pt} + \text{Ip})^s]^L$$

- TOD Policy and ICT Applications

- Public Transport Metropolis
- Full Cost and External Effects
- Choices and Behavior Change
- Push and Pull
- Smart Travel and Sustainable Mobility

Thank You
谢谢



"LEARNING"

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